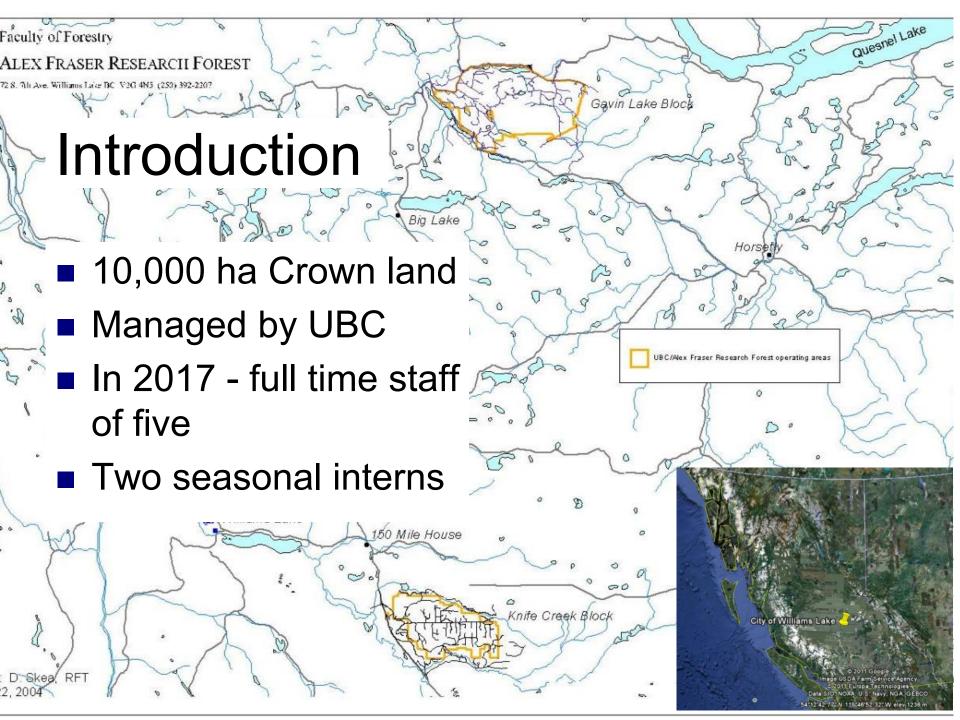
Hints At Resilience UBC Wildfires 2017





Values under management

Research and education

Recreation

Cultural values

Wildlife habitat

Domestic forage

Log supply







- July 7 Danger Class 4 (high) at Gavin Lake
- Operations were shut down
- Temp was high (31.4 max)
- rH extremely low (8% min)
- Dry lightning at about 3:00 PM
- Winds gusting 33 km/hr and avg nearly 20 km/hr
- At these ISI and BUI values, red book predicts continuous crown fire in C3 fuel types, ROS=31 m/min
- City of Williams Lake was surrounded by very active wildfires by late afternoon



Fire Weather System

Guide to abbreviations

All Hours for GAVIN From 2017/07/07 09:00 to 2017/07/07 23:00 Ancillary Data

Date	Wind Gust	Max 10-Min Wind	Gauge Total	Precip Status	Snow Depth	
2017/07/07 09:00	16	8.2	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 10:00	16.6	8.5	0	0		
2017/07/07 11:00	21.2	8.5	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 12:00	16.6	9.4	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 13:00	24.1	9.4	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 14:00	21.8	11.4	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 15:00	33.3	18.7	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 16:00	35	19.9	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 17:00	23.5	12.5	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 18:00	21.2	12.3	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 19:00	17.7	8.3	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 20:00	23.5	10.7	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 21:00	16	7.5	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 22:00	9.7	4.6	0	0	0	
2017/07/07 23:00	7.4	3.8	0	0	0	



Fire Weather System

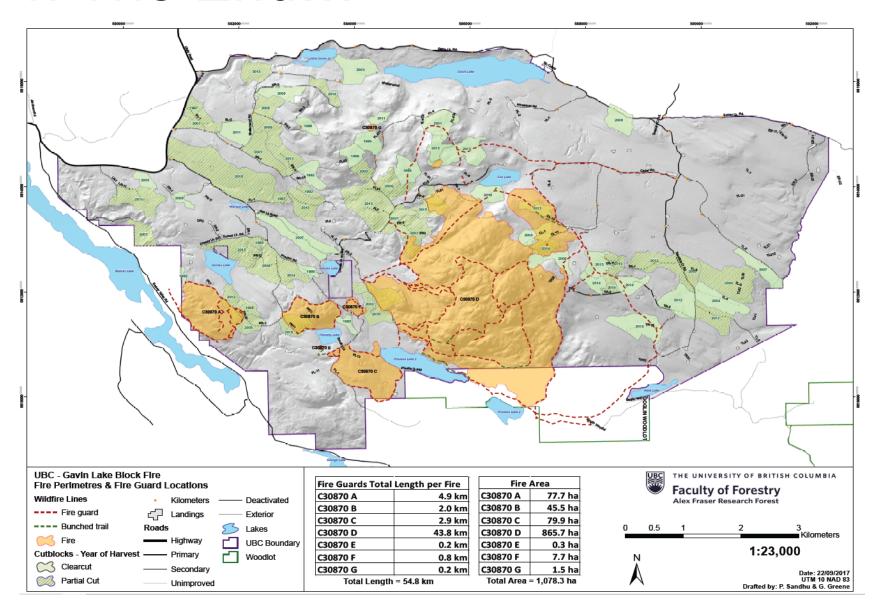
Guide to abbreviations

All Hours for GAVIN

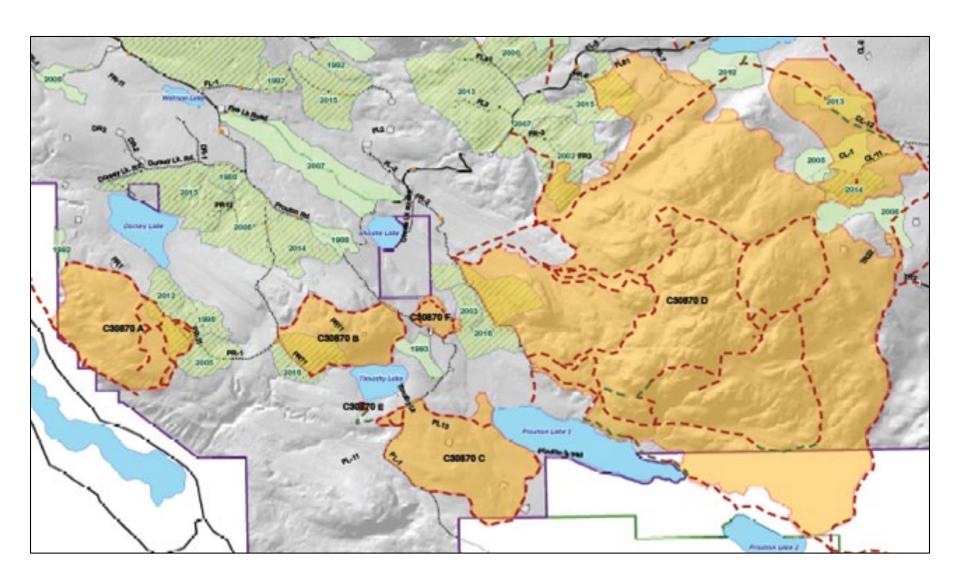
From 2017/07/07 09:00 PST to 2017/07/07 23:00 PST

1	000		View Mir	n/Max						
	Date	Temp.	Dew Point	RH	Wind Dir.	Wind Sp.	Precip.	FFMC	ISI	FWI
	2017/07/07 09:00	27.1	3.5	22	177	8	0.0	93.0	9.8	32.8
	2017/07/07 10:00	29.2	4.0	20	187	7	0.0	93.4	10.1	33.6
	2017/07/07 11:00	30.2	3.3	18	151	8	0.0	93.9	11.4	36.3
	2017/07/07 12:00	29.0	3.8	20	157	5	0.0	94.1	10.0	34.0
	2017/07/07 13:00	30.9	1.3	15	254	8	0.0	94.7	12.6	39.5
	2017/07/07 14:00	27.8	2.8	20	281	7	0.0	94.7	11.6	37.4
I	2017/07/07 15:00	27.2	-1.7	15	241	19	0.0	95.0	22.1	56.4
•	2017/07/07 16.00	26.6	1.6	20	262	10	0.0	95.0	14.5	43.2
	2017/07/07 17:00	25.8	1.2	20	270	10	0.0	95.1	14.5	43.2
	2017/07/07 18:00	24.6	1.4	22	291	9	0.0	95.1	13.9	42.1
	2017/07/07 19:00	21.7	1.4	26	273	4	0.0	95.0	10.5	35.2
	2017/07/07 20:00	20.9	2.9	31	245	7	0.0	94.8	12.0	38.4
	2017/07/07 21:00	18.4	5.5	43	190	4	0.0	94.4	10.0	33.9
	2017/07/07 22:00	14.9	6.8	58	180	3	0.0	93.6	8.5	30.4
	2017/07/07 23:00	14.5	6.9	60	164	3	0.0	92.9	7.5	27.9

In The End...



Ten Previous Blocks Affected



I Learned Silviculture Matters

- Thinning reduces fire effects
 - ☐ More brush
 - More herbaceous
 - Less fuel
 - □ Higher Crown Base Hgt
 - Lower Crown Bulk Density



CB 135 Pine removal 2002, Delta Fire



CB 144A Commercial Thin 2012, Alpha Fire



1977 Pre-Commercial Thin, Charlie Fire

- Salvage helps
 - Less fuel
 - More herbaceous
 - More brush
 - ☐ Higher Crown Base Hgt
 - □ Lower Crown Bulk Density



Pine salvage site, 1998-2000 Bravo Fire



No salvage, Foxtrot Fire

 Group selection and strip thinning had little benefit



CB 173 Group Selection 2016, Delta Fire



CB 128 Strip selection, Bravo Fire

Deciduous component reduced fire behaviour



Douglas-fir with aspen and birch, Alpha Fire



 Cedar and subalpine fir residual--burnt out regenerated stands





CB 133 &150, Delta Fire

CB 133 (2000, 2014), 150 (2005) & 139 (2000, 2013), Delta Fire

How Can We Manage For Resilience?

- Permanent roads as fire breaks and for access
- Commercial thinning
- Keep deciduous stands and components on the landscape

- Low flammability as an objective
 - Low surface fuel
 - Herbaceous or brushy understory
 - ☐ High Crown BaseHeight
 - Reduced Crown Bulk
 Density



Can Northern European practices give us some hints?



